

115 DIE AS GUERRILLAS HIT ARGENTINA BASES

500 gunmen launch savage attacks

BUENOS AIRES. — About 115 guerrillas were killed in fierce warfare after guerrillas tried to seize an army arsenal in the Buenos Aires area on Tuesday night and attacked other points in the area.

500 guerrillas are believed to have taken part in the attack, official army communiques said. Reports counted at least 100 guerrillas among the dead. Many sources stated that eight guerrillas and policemen were killed, other victims were civilians. A spokesman said: "We have no comment for the moment."

The sources said they thought it was the first major joint assault of the Marxist guerrillas and the left-wing Peronist Montoneros, two groups which have worked separately for ideological reasons. It was the largest operation since terrorists first appeared here in the late 1960s.

Simultaneously, paid newspaper advertisements appeared in Latin American and world capitals attributing to the Montoneros saying Argentina was "heading dizzily toward civil war."

The first attacks came about 8 o'clock on Tuesday night with a frontal assault in stolen cars on an arsenal defended by about 500

men, in Monte Chingolo, about 24 miles south of the city centre. Raids were carried out at the same time on an infantry regiment in La Plata, farther south, and a series of police stations between the arsenal and the bridges into the main part of the city.

Surrounding houses were evacuated as the troops pursued escaping attackers.

The entire Cabinet presented their resignations to President Isabel Peron yesterday, but she refused to accept them, expressing her full confidence in the eight ministers.

(AP, UPI)

Golda Meir: No value to guarantees

JERUSALEM POST Correspondent

WASHINGTON. — Former Prime Minister Golda Meir yesterday dismissed the value of U.S. guarantees in an overall Israel-Arab Middle East peace settlement, arguing that Israel should rely on itself.

During an interview televised over NBC's "Today" show, Mrs. Meir also said that history had shown that Soviet guarantees are meaningless, and that Israel should not rely on them, either in order to withdraw back to the 1967 borders.

Violent Christmas prospect for Lebanon

Middle East Affairs Correspondent

Beirut. — A Christmas Eve night was yesterday blighted by the sudden new outbreak of violence during which fire and explosions reverberated across Beirut and the north. Fighting in Beirut was mounted by the Lebanese army, which was trying to foil current attempts to introduce political reforms which would restore authority to the traditional establishment shared on an equal basis by Christians and Moslems. The leftists were understood to support now more actively the Palestine Liberation Organization which Christian leaders had on Monday with "over-reaction" in Lebanon's internal security circles yesterday reported some 100 persons were killed during the past 24 hours, many at "lying roadblocks" set by leftist forces.

Lebanese President Elias Suleiman said the government was unable to contain the escalating situation. He noted that but means "having been made

Xmas groups throng Bethlehem

By ANAN SAFADI

JERUSALEM POST Reporter

BETHLEHEM. — A crisp mountain breeze last night swept this hilltop town as thousands of local Christians and pilgrims celebrated Christmas inside and outside the 800-year-old Church of Nativity which houses the marble-lined grotto revered as the birthplace of Jesus.

A midnight mass — transmitted by satellite to various parts of the world — was preceded by a massive Christmas pageant of peeling church bells, local and foreign choirs and recorded hymns.

The Ministry of Tourism reported that the largest number of pilgrims in nine years gathered last night at Manger Square, which is a parking lot most of the time but becomes a festive setting, glittering with tinsel and silver strings, for Christmas. Hundreds of the pilgrims solemnly observed the mass relayed from St. Catherine's Church inside the Basilica of the Nativity to the square via a huge outdoor television screen.

Bright sunshine flooded the square for the early afternoon arrival yesterday of the Latin Patriarch, Magr. Beltritti, from his residence in the Old City of Jerusalem. Following his reception by high-ranking military government and police officials and city leaders, the Patriarch went into the Basilica in a dazzling procession led by scores of monks and scouts wearing multi-colour uniforms. In the background, the local Salesian band played "O Come, All Ye Faithful."

Bethlehem, which was closed to ordinary traffic, was under the

Teng's the man: Mao to Ford

WASHINGTON (AP). — Chairman Mao Tse-tung made it clear to President Ford during his recent visit that the senior Vice-Premier Hsiao-ping will be the nation's chief of state, according to a report.

President Mao said he had obtained confidential minutes of a meeting of Republican congressmen who were told by Secretary of State Kissinger: "Mao made it clear to President Ford that Teng was the man."

Premier Chou En-lai, who reportedly is stilling, "seems entirely out of it," Kissinger said, according to Anderson's column, published yesterday.

The President was surprised by Mao's vigor according to the account. The Chairman is 82. "I found Chairman Mao much stronger physically than I anticipated, and alert," Ford was quoted as saying.

Teng was deposed during the cultural revolution of the mid-1960s, but restored to power in 1973.

Firm fires rebellious tanker crewmen

By YA'ACOV ARDON

JERUSALEM POST Reporter

A Tanker Services Ltd. crew of the Nitta held up a fortnight in Baton Rouge, a merchant navy conflict, day discharged the tanker's crew, ten officers and 17 men, and called them to return to the crew. Tanker Services Ltd. manager, Yehoshua Gold, said yesterday, noting that the ship in a foreign port had cost hundreds of thousands of dollars.

The captain of the Nitta, Haim I, and his fellow officers, with the backing of the Maritime Union, have refused to return to the ship on her scheduled voyage to Europe, unless five ratings whom Harari considered mutinous were removed from the crew. But the five, with the backing of their Seamen's Union, refused to leave the ship and announced they and their fellow ratings would resist by force any attempt to take them ashore.

The officers' union, learning of the dismissal, cabled its ten members aboard the Nitta, instructing them to stay put on the ship and to refuse the acceptance of the discharge notices.

At a press conference yesterday union secretary Adam Chisik said, "This is a grave step. The future of the merchant navy is at stake. The five men whose continued service the captain rejects have set up a reign of terror and made threats of violence in the ship. It's intolerable that every man aboard ship does as he pleases."

He demanded that the five alleged mutineers be called before the disciplinary tribunal being set up under the new shipping law (Seamen).

"The Transport Minister is charged with applying the law and if he will not do that, he should resign," Chisik added.

Another union official, Allon Shapira, a chief mechanic, said the five ratings were guilty of rowdiness and of hindering the captain in exercising command by removing the gangway. "No wage claims were involved. This is not a labour dispute as the ratings assert, and the Histadrut Trade Union Department leaders have agreed with our view. The plain fact is that Government authority is not exercised."

The officers' union spokesman charged that the master of the Nitta was threatened with having

his face slashed and warned "you have a baby back home."

Haifa Labour Council attorney Israel Gil asked why the director of the Ministry's Shipping Division (Capt. Nimrod Eshel), who, under the law is entitled to enforce an interim solution to labour conflicts aboard ships in foreign ports (section 12 of the law) was not using his powers.

Gil noted that although the Transport Minister had announced this week that a tribunal was being set up, it was still not functioning although the Shipping Law (Seamen) required its creation not later than April 1, 1975 and contained no provision for postponing that date.

The dismissal of the entire crew of the Nitta drew no reaction from the Sea ratings' union yesterday whose top officer, Moshe Levy, left for Baton Rouge on Tuesday.

Rabinowitz plays down tax fears

By ASHER WALLFISH

JERUSALEM POST Knesset Reporter

Finance Minister Yehoshua Rabinowitz yesterday tried to defuse the bogey, of big brother taxman peering over every taxpayer's shoulder.

Replying to an urgent motion for the agenda by Shmuel Tamir (Likud-Free Centre) which was voted to Committee, the Minister said the three new forms prepared by the Income Tax Commissioner for taxpayers to declare what property they had bought and sold during the year, were "not for everybody." Their purpose was to enable the taxman to check in depth the returns of a sample of a few thousand taxpayers, and verify if the declarations there were correct.

The new forms did not impair the rights of the individual in any way, Rabinowitz said. Every taxpayer had to be ready to fill out the forms in case he were included in the sample, he said. Every taxpayer had to make a true declaration of income.

He stressed that there was no point in protesting about the extent of tax-dodging in Israel and the magnitude of black money in the economy, if there was no readiness to take counter-measures.

The details collected in the three questionnaires would be kept secret, he promised.

Shmuel Tamir said he had motioned that the Government had lied to the Knesset Speaker and to the entire House when it denied the existence of the tax forms. Cabinet Secretary Gershon Avner, whose probity was above question, had been instructed to tell a lie, he charged.

It was irrelevant that the forms would be filled out by a sample number of taxpayers only, Tamir said. In fact, every taxpayer in Israel, and his dependents, would have to keep a note of everything he bought or sold, which was covered by the forms, just in case his name were included in the probe.

The citizens of Israel were being subjected to one harsh decree after another on the domestic front, he complained, as if they did not have enough to harass them from the outside.

The Treasury was not intending to bear down any harder on the wealthy, Tamir charged. It got along well enough with the big capitalists.

(Continued on page 2, col. 6)

Allon stresses again: No talks with PLO

By ASHER WALLFISH

JERUSALEM POST Knesset Reporter

Foreign Minister Yigal Allon said yesterday that Israel's line regarding the PLO was quite unambiguous: there would be no negotiations with the terrorist organizations in any forum and there would be no participation in the Geneva Conference if representatives of those organizations were invited.

The Minister was replying to a motion for the agenda by Yehuda Ben-Zvi (Likud-Liberal) which was voted to the Foreign Affairs and Defence Committee.

Allon said that Israel's prospects of presenting the world a convincing case against the PLO would not be furthered by ignoring the existence of a Palestine identity. On the contrary, they would be furthered by recognizing the problem and trying to seek constructive solutions to it. The Cabinet on July 21, 1974, had already recorded its awareness that "independent self-expression for the Palestinians" was an issue.

He said it would only be possible to reach a constructive solution, "by working out a just and positive answer in the context of peace

Leaks to harm 'special Israeli ties,' U.S. warns

By WOLF BLITZER

JERUSALEM POST Correspondent

WASHINGTON. — American officials, angered over recent Israeli press leaks, are bluntly warning that the traditional "special relationship" that has developed over the years between the U.S. and Israel may seriously be endangered if Israeli officials continue to leak confidential diplomatic exchanges.

President Ford, Secretary of State Kissinger and other senior American officials are described here as especially concerned over the nature of the latest press leak, involving President Ford's diplomatic message to Rabin some weeks ago opposing additional settlements on the Golan Heights.

The Americans, who believe that the President was justified in making the U.S. position clear to Israel, are doubly angered: first, that Rabin found it necessary to return the message in protest, and second that this information was disclosed in the Israeli press.

The President and his advisers regard Rabin's returning of the message as a virtual "slap in the face," an over-reaction by the Rabin government. Historically, it is extremely rare that friendly nations return diplomatic messages, considered an extreme act.

Rabin's decision to return the message would have been had enough in straining U.S.-Israeli relations, political observers here noted yesterday, but the fact that someone in Rabin's government leaked the information to the press has further complicated the situation.

Administration sources believe that this leak could even be considered a provocation, especially coming as it did just prior to the start of the forthcoming presidential election campaign in the U.S. Ford and his political advisers are very sensitive to Israel's influence in U.S. domestic politics, and potential weakening of the President's popularity among American voters if a serious strain in U.S.-Israeli ties is publicized.

The Americans are concerned that such a development could have an impact in support for Ford among Israel's many supporters here, both Jewish and non-Jewish.

Although the exact contents of the Ford message are not known, the President is believed to have pointed out what Kissinger, at a press conference, warned that "the creation of new settlements on the Golan Heights and elsewhere complicates the diplomatic process," a long-standing U.S. position.

During a hastily-arranged meeting with Kissinger, Kissinger, at a press conference, warned that "the creation of new settlements on the Golan Heights and elsewhere complicates the diplomatic process," a long-standing U.S. position.

Monday evening, following this latest Israeli press leak, Kissinger was described as irate, and issued a strong protest. Earlier on Monday, the Administration took the very unusual step of issuing a public protest. The State Department spokesman told reporters that President Ford strongly deplores Israel's "constant leakage of most confidential information."

Added strain

The already-sharp strain in U.S.-Israeli relations because of the latest press leak was further exacerbated on Tuesday when Kissinger warned against not only additional settlements on the Golan Heights, but other places as well. Some observers here yesterday said that Kissinger's "clarification" statement was primarily intended to refer to the proposed settlement at Sebastia on the West Bank, and should not have been interpreted in the Israeli press as a confirmation that the Administration necessarily favoured an Israeli withdrawal back to the pre-1967 borders with only minor adjustments. These observers pointed out that Kissinger and other American officials have long opposed the controversial Sebastia settlement, and have made this position well-known to Israel.

But American officials here, when asked yesterday about Kissinger's statement, said it was (Continued on page 2, col. 1)

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Allon to U.S. from Jan. 7-8

WASHINGTON. — Foreign Minister Yigal Allon will have talks here on January 7 and 8 with Secretary of State Kissinger and other U.S. officials before the UN Security Council debate on the Middle East, the State Department said yesterday.

"We look forward to the talks, which are in keeping with our close ties with Israel, and our consultations about the forthcoming Security Council debate," it added.

Rumania, Israel differ on Council debate

By DAVID LANDAU

JERUSALEM POST Diplomatic Correspondent

Israel and Rumania remain at odds over Israel's participation in next month's Security Council debate — despite efforts by each side yesterday to persuade the other of its error. The inconclusive dialogue took place at the Foreign Ministry, between Foreign Minister Yigal Allon and visiting Rumanian Deputy Foreign Minister Corneliu Păcoaste.

Israel has declared it will not attend the debate if the Palestine Liberation Organization is invited. Rumania will become a member of the Security Council on January 1. He expressed Israel's grave disappointment that Rumania had seen

absence would serve neither its own interests nor the interests of peace. He suggested that the PLO's participation in the debate might be seen as tantamount to its indirect recognition of Israel.

Mr. Allon rejected this thesis and explained Israel's wholly negative attitude towards the PLO.

Mr. Allon took up, too, Rumania's membership of the Committee of Twenty — a body set up under a recent pro-PLO resolution of the UN General Assembly to oversee implementation of Palestinian rights.

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THE WEATHER

Forecast: Variable amounts of high and medium clouds.

Weather synopsis: Anticyclone over Turkey with ridge to E. Mediterranean.

Station	Yesterday's Minimum	Yesterday's Maximum	Today's Minimum-Maximum
Jerusalem	50	65	45-75
Golan	35	50	30-60
Nahariya	40	55	35-65
Safed	35	50	30-60
Haifa Port	40	55	35-65
Tiberias	35	50	30-60
Nasareth	35	50	30-60
Afula	35	50	30-60
Shomron	35	50	30-60
Tel Aviv	55	70	50-80
B.G. Airport	55	70	50-80
Jericho	35	50	30-60
Gaza	35	50	30-60
Nazareth	35	50	30-60
Beit	35	50	30-60
Tirau Straits	45	60	40-70

Social and Personal

The Swedish Ambassador, Fritz Ivo Dolling, paid a get-acquainted call yesterday to Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin in Jerusalem.

Alexander Grass, president of the UJA's Israel Education Fund, met yesterday with Finance Minister Yehoshua Rabinowitz and Education Minister Aharon Yadin in Jerusalem.

The fact-finding mission of the Great Britain and Northern Ireland Mizrahi Women's Organization yesterday toured the Neve Sarah Herzog vocational high school in Be'er Sheva. Later in the day they attended the cornucopia-buffet of a new day-care centre in Netanya's Kiryat Nardau.

Johannesburg Mayor Max Leonard Nepe and Mrs. Nepe on Monday visited Tel Aviv University, where they met with the university's deputy board chairman, Josef Carmel, and with Physics Department chairman Asher Gottesman.

The Tel Aviv-Jaffa Rotary Club will hear Zim general manager Yehuda Rotem at its weekly meeting today, ZO.A. House, 115.

Dr. Leon Shelef of Tel Aviv University will speak (in English) on "Victimology - The Study of Victims of Crime," ZO.A. House, Tel Aviv, 8.30 this evening.

GOLDEN WEDDING

Lillian and Galya Kornfeld, of Tel Aviv, will celebrate their Golden Wedding on December 27, 1975.

Poll shows majority for 'crisis cabinet'

A Dahaf telephone poll this week found opinion running two-to-one in favour of Ariel Sharon's proposal that a 10-man emergency government representing all parties be set up for the "crisis year" of 1976. The poll organization gave the results as follows: In favour — 53.8 per cent; against — 26.8 per cent; can't decide — 11.2 per cent; unfamiliar with the subject — 8.2 per cent.

The question was asked of 500 telephone subscribers in Jerusalem, Greater Tel Aviv, Haifa and Beer-Sheva. Dahaf says it knows that a telephone poll did not include all levels of the population, but claims it does correctly reflect public opinion.

Ties with U.S. at stake

(Continued from page one) singer's statement, would merely say that "the statement speaks for itself," refusing to elaborate.

The whole issue of press leaks and Israeli settlements on the territories has also brought to light the Administration's disappointment in what it regards as a basic weakness in the present Israeli Government's ability to stand up to the Gush Emunim bloc.

Administration officials would have much preferred to see the Rabin government continue its policy of opposing the settlers at Be'er Sheva, which the Americans feel, will needlessly complicate future negotiations with the Arabs.

State Department sources, which were not seeking to downplay the U.S.-Israeli rift yesterday, pointed out that Israel has itself to blame for this unfortunate development because the press leaks originated in Jerusalem, not Washington. Israel, these sources said, brought the whole issue out into the public, thus seriously complicating it.

The Americans feel that the matter might have been more easily

Histadrut seeking IL220 pay increase

By JOSHUA BRILLIANT
Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The Histadrut is expected to demand a IL220 monthly increase in the minimum wage, from IL187.46 to IL207.46, a well-informed source told The Jerusalem Post yesterday.

Shmuel Zetelny of the Trade Union Department said the IL220 increase, if not more, would be included in all wages.

Negotiations on new labour agreements in the production sector begin tomorrow.

The coordinating Bureau of Economic Organizations proposed that part of the profits from the increase in productivity be given to all workers while other parts are allocated on the basis of profitability in each branch and enterprise. However, a wage freeze in the service sector was suggested.

The Histadrut proposed that collective agreements stipulate minimum wages, maximum wage increases and the broad outlines for social benefits. The exact extent of the wage increases should be negotiated in each branch and enterprise.

Naftali Ushpiz, a Labour Party member of the Central Committee, said he expected wage increases would range from five to seven per cent. Naftali Ben-Moshe, a Mapam member, who mooted a 10 per cent increase in the production sector plus a share in the enterprises' profits, suggested a six to seven per cent wage increase in the services sector.

The Histadrut's demand for an across-the-board wage increase is opposed by the employers and the Government who favour a wage freeze in the service sector (but would allow increases in the Cost-of-Living allowance).

Yehoshua Rabinowitz, the Finance Minister's adviser, told the Trade Union Department here on Tuesday that a five per cent wage increase in the public sector would involve another IL1.6 in the budget. But Uriel Abramowitz, chairman of the department, said that 35 per cent of that would immediately return to the Government in the form of income tax.

Ben-Moshe argued yesterday that the increased revenue from income tax would exceed the cost of the payroll, because the tax would be collected from all wage earners.

Dov Lautman, who will head the employers' delegation, told The Post that wage increases for production workers would be smaller if the Histadrut insists that employees in the service sector also get raises. He explained that higher wages would be offered in the production sector to attract workers. A similar increase in the service sector would defeat that aim, he stressed.

Another point of contention will be the duration of the new agreement. The employers want four years, but the Histadrut wants new negotiations after two years. Lautman suggested that negotiations over the wage agreements in the production sector be postponed to April. The current agreements in that sector expire next Thursday, but he wanted to discuss new agreements together with negotiations over the contracts in the service sector expiring on April 1.

The Histadrut opposed this. An increase in the C-o-L allowance is due then and Secretary-General Yehoshua Rabinowitz said he suspected that the employers would utilize it as an excuse to give smaller wage increases.

It was pointed out here yesterday that there is a fundamental difference in the regular leaks by Kissinger and other American officials and the latest Israeli leak of the presidential message, and this is what concerns the Administration.

While the Americans concede that they leak information to the press, they insist that the leaks they provide involve only general guidelines concerning political developments. They argue that confidential diplomatic messages are not revealed.

That, on the other hand, "embarrassed" the President and the U.S. Government by leaking the fact that the message was sent, and later returned.



AT THE PASSING-OUT parade which concluded the first course for officers of the army's new Maintenance Corps, Tat-Aluf Pinhas Lahav, corps commander, pins the officer's insignia on one of the two outstanding cadets, Yoram Amitai. The other was Edwin Saroussi. The new corps combines the Supply Corps and the various maintenance units.

Protecting bird is new emblem of Civil Guard

Jerusalem Post Reporter

SAPAD. — The Civil Guard is to have its own emblem — the griffin, referred to in the Bible as the bird that "stirreth up her nest, fluttereth over her young, spreadeth abroad her wings, taketh them, beareth them on her wings" (Deuteronomy 32:11).

Civil Guard Commander Mulla Cohen cited the biblical verse at the Rotary Club here on Tuesday as the source that had prompted the choice of the emblem. "The Civil Guard watches over the people like the griffin (Nesher) over its young. Wherever the Guard is watching, there has been less protection-racket violence, less rovingness, less housebreaking and fewer thefts," he said.

He cited, as an illustration of what the Guard means, a mother in a border town who during an alarm had hidden with her children in the closet. She now stands guard outside her home with a carbine rifle, which she is trained to shoot.

He thought there was no army in the world that combated terrorists with such success as did that of Israel.

Schwester Selma, 'Time' saint

Jerusalem Post Reporter

SCHWESTER SELMA Mayer, 91, Jerusalem's Shmura Zedek Hospital is mentioned as the only representative of Judaism in this week's "Time" magazine cover story on "Saints Among Us." The article reviews contemporary examples of saints and sainthood among all religions, with the emphasis on Catholics and other Christian denominations.

Saying that Jews do not talk of saints, but prize the *saddik*, the "righteous person," the article includes head nurse Selma among such. Coming to Jerusalem from Hamburg in 1916, Schwester Selma has devoted her life to the care of the sick here ever since.

Canadians here for town-twinning

Jerusalem Post Staff

President Katsir yesterday gave a reception in Jerusalem for delegates from the Canadian city of Lachine and from Holon, which is to become Lachine's sister-city in an official celebration on December 29. The 90-strong group from the Quebec-province city is headed by Mayor Guy Descary and by Quebec's Minister for Municipal Affairs and the Environment, Victor Goldbloom. It includes many ordinary citizens who won the trip in a raffle held in Lachine. Among them are five couples whose annual income is below \$12,000, a blue-collar and a white-collar city employee, and two students.

Lachine, an important industrial centre near Montreal, has a population of 45,000. The delegation will stay in Israel for 10 days.

T.A. Betar, Haifa Maccabi tie 1-1

TEL AVIV. — A National League football game between Tel Aviv Betar and Haifa Maccabi ended in a 1-1 draw last night at Bloomfield Stadium here.

Moshe Adler scored for Maccabi in the 65th minute, and Shraga Topolowski for Betar in the 87th.

Each side now climbs one place in the table — Maccabi to 16th place and Betar to 7th.

(Footie guide — page 3)

Hospital chiefs warn against staff cuts

By ERMIE MEYER
Jerusalem Post Reporter

CUTTING HOSPITAL administrative staffs by 300 will reduce the level of health services "dangerously," lead to the closing of hospital departments and may induce doctors and nurses to quit.

This dire warning was sounded yesterday by the directors of three Government Hospitals, the deputy chairman of the Association of Doctors in Government Hospitals, and the chairman of the National Association of Hospital Workers.

They had called a press conference in Jerusalem — with the approval of the Health Ministry — to warn that the insistence of the Finance Ministry on reducing the number of administrative workers at Government Hospitals "would be the straw to break the camel's back."

The hospital directors were unanimous in their opinion that the less than IL15m. which the elimination of about 300 jobs would save, could be found within the Health Ministry budget — without asking one pound in additional funds.

Prof. Arie Harel of the Tel Aviv Government Municipal Medical Centre said that the absence of one orderly whose job it is to wheel patients from the emergency room could reduce the efficiency of five

Gov't may end tax benefit for approved enterprises

By SHAYLA SHAPIRO
Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The investment policy the Government is considering for next year does away with tax reductions for approved enterprises. Minister of Commerce and Industry Haim Bar-Lev revealed in the Alignment Economic Committee meeting here yesterday.

The moving idea behind the reform is to cut investments in enterprises which serve local consumption and to help industries producing for export.

Bar-Lev admitted the new policy will reduce incentives to set up new industries in development areas and will offer no advantages to enterprises using their profits to foster their own activities.

According to the Treasury draft income tax on approved development enterprises will be up to 52 per cent (from 40 per cent at present) during the first two years and then rise to 61 per cent. The Commerce Ministry suggests that industries in development areas should benefit from a reduction of 10 to five per cent.

NEWSBRIEFS

THE ENTRANCE plaza to the Kiryat Ministry building in the Kiryat, Jerusalem, was yesterday dedicated in memory of Yitzhak Grunbaum, a leader of Polish Jewry, a member of the Jewish Agency Executive, and Interior Minister in the 1948 Provisional Government. He died in 1970, aged 91. The ceremony was held by ministers, other public officials, and members of the Grunbaum family.

FOREST FIRES in 1975 caused some IL6m. in damage, the Jewish National Fund reported this week. There were 511 fires, in which 80 per cent of the casualties were pines.

Extra Jerusalem housing only for existing new suburbs

By ABRAHAM RABINOVICH
Jerusalem Post Reporter

The debate over development strategy in Jerusalem took a decisive turn this week when Housing Minister Avraham Ofra waived his demand for the construction of a massive new housing development between Neve Ya'acov and French Hill, at least for the near future.

Ofra announced that he would concentrate construction in the coming year in the four large suburbs currently being erected across the former green line: Ramot, Gilo, Neve Ya'acov and East Talpott.

Ofra's statement followed an angry meeting on Wednesday with Mayor Teddy Kolek when the latter attacked Ofra's proposal to build a 10,000-unit development at "South Neve Ya'acov." Kolek also attacked the proposal for a ring of satellite settlements around Jerusalem prepared at Ofra's request by architect Shmuel Shaked. The mayor argued that there are neither enough people nor money for new suburbs and that any attempt to build them would gravely harm the four large

estates which are at present in the difficult stages of early growth.

The Housing Minister's statement indicated that he was in partial agreement with Kolek. "In the wake of the cuts in the housing budget and in light of the large decrease in the number of immigrants, the current argument on the extent of building in Jerusalem and the expropriation of additional land in East Jerusalem (for South Neve Ya'acov) is irrelevant."

Despite the budget cuts, Ofra said, he would not reduce the number of units planned for construction in Jerusalem next year. The total number to be constructed throughout the country will be 15,000 instead of 25,000, but the number slated for Jerusalem remains at 3,000. "I see top priority in the strengthening of Jewish settlement in Jerusalem and its surroundings," he said.

As for the question of satellites, Ofra said he had not adopted all of Shaked's proposals, but only those which would help form a new road link to the north of Jerusalem linking the Capital to the coastal plain via Beit Horon and another link to the south via Har Gilo to the Etzion Block. Kolek indicated his agreement with the Beit Horon proposal.

The question of development strategy is to be taken by the Municipal Council next Sunday with Likud promising to demand a more aggressive settlement policy than the city administration wants to adopt.

WZO rapped for loose supervision

By JUDY SIGEL
Jerusalem Post Reporter

INADEQUATE SUPERVISION over large sums of money and some employees was among the chief complaints made against World Zionist Organization department heads by the WZO comptroller in his report for 1973-4 released yesterday.

The 18th annual report, presented to the late WZO Executive chairman Pinhas Sapir last June by Meir Ben-Zion Meiri, had harsh words for each of the massive organizations' 11 departments, divisions, bureaus and institutes. Reacting to the report, several department heads said that many of the faults listed in the 182-page document have "been corrected or are in the process of being corrected."

The Organization and Information Department, headed by Avraham Schenker and granted over IL13m. for expenditures for the year 1973-74, took the most criticism. Twenty-one of the 29 Zionist Federations around the world, which receive funds and guidance from the department, had not issued any financial reports on the allocations, which totalled millions of pounds. Several federations had not drawn up a predefined expenditure budget, the comptroller wrote.

The department's emissaries had not submitted final reports in writing when they completed their service abroad, and the department had "no information on the nature of the actual expenditure of sums for maintaining offices abroad."

He wrote that the Bialik Institute, established in 1955 as a national literary institute, spent money "out of all proportion" to the price for ordinary printing of books, and that sometimes the contract was signed with the printer after the work had actually begun.

A leak that may open channels

THE PUBLIC and the press have learned details of the report by the World Zionist Organization's internal comptroller (above) before the body to which he is responsible — the Zionist General Council — has received its copies.

This odd circumstance occurred because someone with access to the report sent it to Uzi Eshkol, a reporter. When the disclosures hit the air waves yesterday, WZO Acting Executive chairman Arye Dulzin instructed that copies be sent immediately to all reporters in the field — 10 days before its scheduled release at the Council plenum.

Dulzin said he had no idea who had leaked the report. "But it isn't a secret anyway," he explained. "It was completed in June, and submitted to the Permanent Budget and Finance Committee in accordance with WZO regulations. Copies were also sent to the various departments under control and to the Executive for comments." Their observations, plus reports of faults that had been corrected, were included in the final 182-page report. That document, bound in a blue softcover, will be presented to the 110-member ZGC on January 4.

A number of officials in the WZO have advocated publication of the

Jail for being 16 years late for army

TEL AVIV. — A 45-year-old man who waited 16 years to report for military service was sentenced to six months in jail.

District Court Judge Binjamin Cohen said he was taking into account the fact that Meir Duden, who immigrated from Rumania in January, 1959, had reported for induction of his own free will a few months ago. But he ruled that Duden had not known he was supposed to have reported for a medical examination in May 1959. Two wars had occurred during his time in the country, and he should have known he was obliged to serve, the judge said.

Eight years for throwing burning lamp at wife

HAIFA. — A resident of nearby Kfar Shav was sentenced yesterday in the District Court to eight years in prison for hitting his wife with a burning kerosene lamp.

Moshe Ben Mahmoud Hibi, 27, threw the lamp during an argument with his wife in August, last year. Her clothes caught fire, and she suffered severe burns on all parts of the body. She spent two months recovering in Rambam Hospital, and still has considerable scars. (Him)

Rabinowitz on taxes

(Continued from Page 1)

The questionnaire and tax declarations of those who fall in the sample category include details on purchasing apartments, repairs and improvement of apartments, use of cars, travels abroad, employment of housekeepers, cooks and gardeners, electric appliances and membership in clubs.

Joshua Brilliant reports from Tel Aviv: Histadrut Secretary-General Yehoshua Rabinowitz yesterday criticized the Finance Ministry's tax plan.

"He told Bar Ilan University students in Ramat Gan it was 'impractical and totally unnecessary' to require all citizens to keep a record of their expenses so they should be able to submit a report on their standard of living."

The government's move would cause "unnecessary anger and nervousness in the public" for fear of large-scale raids by income tax officials, he said. A representative sample of 5 per cent of the public would prevent the authorities from getting on the track of the "real evaders" whose exaggerated standard of living belies their modest tax returns, he added.

Now when the tax authorities will not demand declarations from every one but only from those who fall into the sample category, special forms have been prepared because the individuals chosen will be thoroughly checked.

The sample today includes only 6,000 individuals, it was pointed out. The Treasury has announced other measures to tax evaders. By agreement with the Defence Ministry, the latter will pass over to the tax authorities all the details of payments it has made to contractors and suppliers. Under the agreement the Defence Ministry will supply details dating back from 1970. This would exclude the contractors of the Bar-Lev line.

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In deep sorrow, we announce the death of our beloved

Prof. RUDOLPH MOSHE SAMISH

The funeral will leave at 2 p.m. today, Thursday, December 25, from 16 Rehov Ruppin, opposite the Weizmann Institute, Rehovot.

Zdenka
Yochai
Michael
Shlomit
Bracha
and the grandchildren

On the thirtieth day after the death of our dear

HERMAN (Yechezkiel) EDELSTEIN

Antwerp — Arad

there will be a memorial service on Sunday, December 28, 1975, at 3 p.m., in the Ben-Zion Cemetery, Netanya.

A special bus will leave at 2 p.m. from Ramat Gan (near the main entrance of the Diamond Exchange).

His wife, Matli
His sons, Basil and Meir

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PLO leader envisages 'united Palestine'

By JACK MAURICE
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

RIS — The Palestine Liberation Organization's representative at the Arab League summit in Damascus, Yasser Arafat, said here today that "an irresistible surge" is building towards a "united Palestine" in which Arabs and Israelis would live together.

Arafat told the influential newspaper "Le Monde" that "the creation of a Palestinian national state trigger off a movement which opens up relations between the entities who are established on soil of Palestine. It would be great to imagine two states created from each other by intractable frontiers and barbed wire id blossom on two such small territories. The surge towards unity is irresistible."

Asked why the PLO had branded Vienna hijackers as agents of Zionism, Arafat replied: "At a time when the PLO is recognized by the international community as the representative of the Palestinian people in the quest for a political solution in the Near East, it is only in our enemies' interests to send us as terrorists and murderers. They are trying to discredit us in order to exclude us from all international negotiations, to sabotage just and lasting peace which we seek."

He said the PLO repudiated the very existence of the Israeli people, saying: "We persist in seeing a clear distinction between Israelis and what Zionist doctrine calls the Jewish people, which in our eyes is an eminently mystical and dangerously fallacious idea."

Arafat said a Jewish minority in the West Bank and Gaza Strip, which he shared the PLO view, and paid tribute to Dr. Nahum Golda, president of the World Jewish Congress. He added: "His tragedy that he cannot reconcile the noble idea of his Jewish tradition with racist practices of the state of Israel policy."

Ford enters first
round against Reagan

COORD, New Hampshire. — President Ford yesterday officially entered the 1976 New Hampshire presidential primary, the first of a series of battles with Republican challenger Ronald Reagan.

Rep. James Cleveland, a Ford supporter, paid the required \$500 and submitted 1,200 signatures, slightly more than the 1,000 signatures required. The contest will be held on February 24.



Golda Meir chats with the American publishers of her autobiography during a visit to their New York office on Monday. From left are Harvey Ginsberg, editor-in-chief of G.P. Putnam and Sons, and at center, Clyde C. Taylor, publisher.

Yamani says terrorists planned to kill him and Iran Minister

AMMAN. — Saudi Arabian Oil Minister Ahmed Zaki Yamani said here yesterday that the pro-Palestinian terrorists who held the world's top oil ministers at gunpoint for two days had decided to assassinate him and Iranian Interior Minister Jamsheed Amouzegar.

Sheikh Yamani, who arrived here yesterday to report to Saudi King Khalid on the incident, told newsmen that the terrorists had set Tuesday morning for his and Amouzegar's execution.

They spared their lives "thanks to the intervention and wisdom of our Algerian brethren," Sheikh Yamani said.

The gunmen, who attacked OPEC headquarters in Vienna on Sunday,

were believed still in the Algerian capital yesterday where they surrendered to Algerian authorities. They were apparently in no danger of being extradited back to Vienna, although Austria's Justice Ministry formally asked Algeria to extradite the five men and a girl to face charges of murder and kidnapping. Three people were killed in the attack.

Austria's extradition request was made in the hope of preventing the six from being granted political asylum in Algeria.

After reporting to King Khalid, who is on an official visit to Jordan, Sheikh Yamani returned to Saudi Arabia.

Asked by newsmen why the terrorists singled out him and Amou-

zegar, Sheikh Yamani replied "I don't know why they chose us. But their decision to assassinate us was final. Without the intervention of our Algerian brethren, their firmness and wisdom, we would not have escaped death."

Sheikh Yamani said the Vienna attackers had no relation with the Palestinian resistance movement or the Arab cause.

Amouzegar, meanwhile, arrived in Teheran and drove to the Royal Palace to brief the Shah on his abduction at the OPEC conference. A crowd of several hundred people including Prime Minister Amir Abbas Hoveyda and Cabinet Ministers clapped and cheered as he stepped from an Iran plane after the flight from Algeria.

PLO going to Vancouver as 'experts'

UNITED NATIONS. — An agreement signed here on Tuesday will allow observers from the Palestine Liberation Organization to participate in the UN Habitat conference on human settlements in Vancouver next May 31-June 11 as "experts on mission for the UN."

Under the 1946 convention on privileges and immunities of the UN, such experts are immune from arrest, baggage search or seizure and legal action for anything they say or do unless the UN Secretary-General waives the immunity to avoid impeding justice.

The agreement on the UN conference was signed by Canadian Ambassador Saul F. Rae and UN Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim

in the latter's office.

It requires that Canada provide conference rooms, offices, in-city transportation and other facilities for an expected 2,000 participants and that the UN provide documentation, translation and similar services in return for \$240,000 from Canada to cover extra pay for the staff.

On November 25, 15 days after the General Assembly classified Zionism as a form of racism, the city council in Vancouver asked that the Habitat conference not be held there.

Later, it is said here, the Ottawa Government agreed to pay up to \$300,000 in police overtime in connection with the conference and

Vancouver authorities relaxed their opposition.

Two weeks ago, the Assembly cited its standing invitation to the PLO in listing the kinds of organizations that should be invited to Habitat along with "all states." Waldheim has yet to hand out the official invitations.

The newly signed agreement says participation in Habitat shall be open to, among others, "observers from national liberation movements... entitled to participate."

Besides the PLO, that includes African liberation movements recognized by the Organization of African Unity.

Ex-President of Chile attacks Junta

SANTIAGO, Chile. — Former President Eduardo Frei is calling for a "great national project" to bring democracy back to Chile.

Frei says in a 65-page treatise circulating among his fellow Christians Democrats that extreme right-wing groups have gained power under the two-year-old Junta government and that the national economy is losing ground.

"Democratic recuperation is not only a requirement that is within the roots of this country, but also constitutes its most immediate interest," the Christian Democrat leader said.

"To attain this new democracy, renewed and alive, a great national project is required in which all Chileans who sincerely love freedom and want progress for their fatherland feel themselves represented," he said.

Frei called for a national debate on the political framework to be adopted and a plebiscite on a new constitution.

Frei was President of Chile from 1964 to 1970, the year Marxist Salvador Allende was elected to succeed him. The armed forces overthrew Allende in a bloody coup on September 11, 1973, when he was officially reported to have committed suicide.

The Junta dissolved the Congress, outlawed Marxist parties, declared others in recess and banned partisan politics from the news media. President Augusto Pinochet, an army general, has said military rule will last for at least a generation in this South American country of 10 million people.

Frei's mimeographed treatise, entitled "The Mandate of History and the Requirements of the Future," began circulating privately last weekend. The document has not been mentioned in the Chilean press.

Frei says that under the Chilean Junta, "political preeminence" is held by "the most extreme groups, whose Fascist character... is openly displayed before the country."

Without referring directly to Chile, Frei says "right-wing totalitarianism" is characterized by "the existence of enormous and costly repressive organizations, the delirious of the economy to small groups and big monopolies, the domination of minds through the manipulation of propaganda."

Athens police hunt killers of envoy linked to the CIA

ATHENS. — Greek police supplied extra protection yesterday for American and Russian officials listed as espionage agents after the assassination of a U.S. Embassy official widely believed to be the Athens station chief of the Central Intelligence Agency.

All border points and international airports were put under tighter surveillance in case the three masked assassins who gunned down Richard Welch on Tuesday night attempted to leave the country. (His murder was reported briefly in yesterday's "Jerusalem Post.")

Welch was listed in the embassy directory as special assistant to Ambassador Jack B. Kubisch.

He was shot almost from point-blank range as he stepped out of his official embassy car with his wife in front of their suburban Athens villa after returning from the U.S. Ambassador's Christmas party. The driver of his car told police that one of the three gunmen wearing handkerchiefs over their faces spoke to Welch briefly in Greek before shots rang out, and Welch fell to the ground.

Welch was rushed to a nearby hospital and died shortly after arrival. His wife Maria and his driver were unharmed. Police took the chauffeur to Athens International Airport to look over departing passengers.

Welch's position at the embassy was an open secret and one diplomatic colleague said, "He never tried to hide it." A month ago, the local English-language daily, "Athens News," published what it said was a list of seven CIA operatives acting here under diplomatic cover and described the 46-year-old Welch as the CIA station chief. The embassy never commented on the report.

The paper said it had received the list of alleged CIA agents from a group calling itself "Committee of Greeks and Greek-Americans."

Later, a rival group named "Committee to Keep Greece Greek" distributed a list of 10 purported Russian KGB agents. The group said they were espionage agents attached

to the Soviet Embassy and its commercial agencies based in the Greek capital.

Public Order Minister Solon Ghikas, ordered extra protection for all U.S. and Russian diplomats, especially for those named as CIA and KGB agents.

Athens papers reported that a man claiming to represent the "Union of Militant Officers for the National Cause" telephoned and said his organization was responsible for Welch's death. The caller said the organization, totally unknown here, would be heard from again.

Welch took his embassy post in Athens about a year ago. He served previously in Cyprus and Lebanon.

Feelings against the U.S. have been high in Greece since the Turkish invasion of Cyprus in July last year.

Greeks and Greek-Cypriots blame U.S. policy for the invasion and the occupation of the northern part of the island by Turkish troops.

The Greek Government condemned the killing of Welch, which it said was carried out by people who sought to harm national interests and offend the dignity of the Greek people. It pledged to do its best to find the gunmen.

Apart from police interrogations yesterday, cars leaving Athens were being searched at various exit points in an effort to find clues that could lead to the killers.

In Washington, a source intimate with the U.S. intelligence community asserted on Tuesday night, "We've had an American gunned down by other Americans fingering him — right or wrong — as a CIA agent."

U.S. intelligence officials for months have warned that public disclosures about CIA operations and personnel could lead to drastic consequences.

But a source close to the Washington-based Intelligence Documentation Centre (IDC), which reported Welch's CIA affiliation in an article, said all the centre's disclosures were taken from material already published abroad.

SOMALIS ALLEGE FRENCH ATTACK

PARIS. — Somalia yesterday accused France of attacking a border police station and threatened armed retaliation.

Somali Ambassador to France Mohammed Said Samantar told a press conference here that French military aircraft from Djibouti, on the Red Sea, repeatedly flew over Somali territory from December 18

to 21. On December 19 French troops attacked a Somali border police station, he said.

"Military aggression calls for military action and the French government will bear the entire responsibility," Samantar said.

He said the situation on the border remains tense.

Soviets: Labour camps are really educational centres

Jews mark Leningrad trial date

MOSCOW. — Thirty-three Soviet Jews staged a silent demonstration today in front of the Lenin Library in Central Moscow. They were marking the fifth anniversary of the Leningrad trial of nine Jews and Russians for attempting to hijack a plane to escape to freedom in Israel.

At the demonstration there were only as many KGB secret police as Jews. After standing for about ten minutes on the library steps, the Jews fled away. Several of them told sign correspondents that five or six of their friends had been detained by police before they could join the demonstration.

One of these was Viktor Brailov, who was taken for questioning the State Prosecutor's Office as he emerged from his house, near Mark Azbel was taken to a police station. Both men were released after the demonstration without being charged.

A third activist, Vladimir Prestin, stopped from attending when he arrived to search his flat, according to his wife who came to the demonstration.

It was the first Jewish demonstration of this size here since one last February at which Mark Nakhbits and Boris Tikhonovok were arrested. Later each sentenced to five years of Siberian exile.

Most of those convicted in the Leningrad trial are still in Soviet labour camps.

Meanwhile, a Soviet newspaper bitterly attacked British, French and Italian TV for showing a film of a Soviet labour camp in Latvia.

"Literaturnaya Gazeta" said what the film showed had actually been a construction site where some prisoners are working; it was only natural that it should be surrounded by barbed wire, guard towers, and patrols with dogs, it added.

The four-minute film was said in the West to depict a labour camp near Riga, where prisoners were held in intolerable conditions. A Western TV commentator had said it included political prisoners.

The Soviet weekly instead painted an almost glowing account of the conditions at the "corrective labour colony" and at other prison camps. Its reporter, after touring the site near Riga, said: "Concerning the guard, tower and wire (in the film), it is most certain that while persons sentenced to deprivation of freedom continue working at the projects, measures to guard them will naturally have to be continued."

The reporter found no political prisoners, only criminals charged with stealing, forgery, rape, armed hold-ups, hooliganism "and killing people in car accidents."

Conditions in the camp were very good, though of course "not like a vacation camp." Prisoners served terms under "strict disciplinary rules and according to a strict time table, working six days a week and eight hours a day."

Life in the colony "cannot be labelled attractive," the reporter wrote. "However, even though conditions in the colony are severe, there is nothing which diminishes human dignity."

"Attempts are made to bring culture and information to individuals who have gravely offended society, to teach them the love of work and respect of other people," he said. He described educational facilities, "costly machinery" and other facilities available to prisoners.

"After serving their sentences many of the inmates come out to be skilled experts and continue their studies," he added.

The reporter suggested the film violated the détente spirit of the August 1 Helsinki declaration which concluded the European conference on security and cooperation.

The reporter asked, "does a provocative broadcast of French TV, which is an official organ, and the hallyboo by other mass media in the West favour the principles proclaimed in this (Helsinki) historical document?"

(AP, UPI, Reuters)

South African help may be a liability in Angolan war

By JOHN BORRELL
MROH. — As the OAU prepares to hold an extraordinary summit on Angola in Addis Ababa January 10, it is becoming increasingly clear that South African involvement in the Angolan civil war has been largely counterproductive.

For although South African assistance has bolstered the pro-Western Unita and FNLA in their struggle against the Marxist MPLA, it is insufficient to give them clear-cut victory and it has alienated these two movements from a number of African states.

As a result, 15 African states have recognized the MPLA as the legitimate government of Angola, with at least four of them, including Tanzania and powerful Algeria, citing South African support for Unita and the FNLA as their reason for doing so.

Consequently, when the OAU adds to state meet in the Ethiopian capital next month, at least 46 members will be siding with the MPLA line.

What the pro-MPLA bloc will argue is that South African assistance to Unita and the FNLA has made these two movements traitors to the African cause and lost them the right to represent the Angolan people.

Thus, they will argue, the OAU has no choice but to withdraw its official recognition of the two movements which, in theory at least, would make it extremely difficult for countries like Zambia and

Zaire to provide continued assistance.

This might seem a rather devious move considering that South African support for the two movements came only after Cuban troops had been landed to help the MPLA, and the Luanda-based movement started receiving huge quantities of Soviet arms.

But, as OAU Secretary-General William Eteki-Mbomou has just told correspondents in Nairobi, the OAU makes a clear distinction between South African involvement in Angola and that of other foreign powers.

"To us South African involvement is a very serious matter because since the beginning of our organization they have been our principle enemies," he said.

But Eteki also admitted concern about Soviet involvement in Angola since, as he put it, Soviet intervention could lead to direct American involvement and produce another Vietnam situation.

Those States which support the idea of a government of national unity believe the OAU must condemn all foreign aid to South Africa in Angola and not just South Africa's aid to Unita and the FNLA. They believe a government of national unity is still possible despite the bitterness that the Angolan war has caused inside the country include such states as Zambia, Kenya, Tunisia and Zaire.

They want the OAU to call for the withdrawal of all foreign powers in Angola, and then for the warring groups in the country to form an interim coalition government. These countries want the OAU to set up an observer or

peacekeeping force to ensure that proper elections are held.

But the MPLA, which is now gaining the upper hand in the civil war, has made it clear that it will accept none of this and, by January 10, it could be bargaining from a position of even greater strength.

The MPLA has been aware ever since the provisional government was formed in January that it stands no real chance of winning power through elections since its Umbundu tribal power base is too small.

Angola's largest single tribe is the Ovimbundu which, following the departure of nearly all the country's whites, probably accounts for 40 per cent of the total population. It is the power base of Dr. Jonas Savimbi's Unita, which would receive majority support in any reasonably fair election.

Furthermore, if the Unita-FNLA alliance was maintained, the two pro-Western movements could expect something like 70 per cent of the total vote.

The MPLA has always understood what a democratic headcount would mean, and it was for this reason that they decided early this year to win through force of arms what would almost certainly be denied to them through the ballot box.

The MPLA's position is being strengthened diplomatically by South Africa's continued involvement on the side of Unita and the FNLA, and any military gains the South African-backed groups make are clearly being offset by the diplomatic reversals.

(Ofwe)



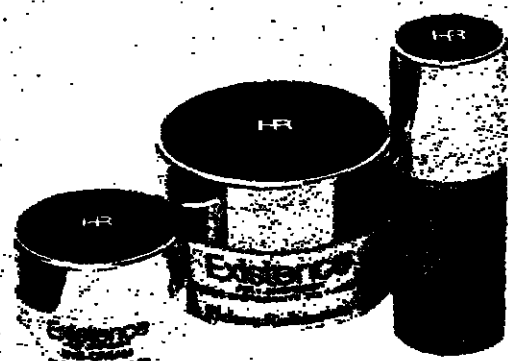
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Back to normal; bonds up

The Natad dollar, which had been falling the past few days, rose nine points to stand at IL.78 following demand for \$640,000. Some \$257,000 was traded.

Stocks rose slightly on small turnovers. The total turnover of stocks came to IL2.2m, of which IL6.1m was in the variables. The general index of share prices rose by 0.32 per cent to stand at 127.71.

Among the more active stocks were Bank Leumi, down half a point to 207 (132,900); Tefahot down two points to 224.5 (7,500); El Al up 6.5 points to 138 (15,500); Eshkol up 11.1 to 284 (3,000); and Fax up seven points to 180 (23,000).

Day of bargain hunting

Alb	17 3/8	Chamie Rye	2 7/8	Genesco	5	Millie Lab	21 5/8	Shiger Co	10 1/8
Aln	19 1/8	Chrysler	9 3/4	Gas Pac	42 3/8	Minn M M	55 7/8	Smidkline	25 1/8
Ans	2 1/8	Chloroform	29 1/4	Getty O	161 1/8	Mobil Oil	4	Sony	9 1/8
Bal	3 1/8	Citrus Eve	23 5/8	Gillette	29 1/8	Morgan	6 5/8	South Ry	4 1/8
Bat	11 5/8	Cooca-Cola	83	Gouldie	17 5/8	Mossam	75 1/4	Sperry Rad	3 3/4
Ber	3 3/4	Columbia	28 3/8	Grady	22 1/8	Moor McCoe	1 1/8	St Brands	5 3/8
Bk	16 1/4	Coke Gas	22 3/4	Good & Co	23 1/8	Margus J	3	St Oil Cal	28 1/8
Bkfr	9	Column Plot	5 1/8	Gr A & P	11 7/8	Nabisco	3 3/8	St Oil Ind	42 3/8
Bnt	3 1/8	Conast	15 1/2	Greyhound	13	Nat Dattil	16 1/4	St Oil Oh	6 1/2
Can	2 1/8	Con Edis	13 1/4	Gulf Oil	20 1/4	Nat Cash R	12 1/4	Stel Div	29 1/8
Can	25	Con Oil	29 1/2	Guif Wn	21 1/4	Nat Indust	22 7/8	Stn. War	3
Can	3	Con Oil	40 1/4	Heiler Int	26 1/4	Norwest	1 1/4	Sun Oil	25 3/4
Med	5 1/8	Con Tel	11 3/4	How Pack	54 3/8	Occ Pet C	13 1/8	Teledyne	20 3/4
E & T	20 3/8	Con Data	20	Honeywell	3 1/8	Ohio Corp	3	Tenneco	27
E & T	20 3/8	Corning	44 3/4	House N G	48	Otis Elev	35	Teneco	33 1/8
E	19 5/8	CPC Intl	2 3/4	IBM	221 3/8	Owen Oil	5 5/8	Texas Gulf	28
Ind	12	Crown Cork	16 7/8	Int Harv	27 1/8	Pac A Gas Int	10 1/2	Texas Instru	33 3/4
Ind	12 1/2	Crown Sell	3 1/4	Int Nickel	54	Panama W	5 3/8	Tectron	20 1/8
Ind	3 1/4	Curtis Wd	10 1/8	Int Paper	26 3/4	Penn Centrl	1 1/8	Transwar	7 1/8
Ind	40 7/8	Dana River	6 3/4	Int T & T	21 1/4	Pepel Co	70 1/2	TRW Inc	2
Ind	4 1/2	Deere Co	20 1/8	Interpublic	16 1/4	Pfizer	26 1/2	Triv Inc	25 1/8
Ind	1 1/2	Dow Chem	20 1/8	John Man	22 5/8	Phelps D	35 1/8	Twent Cent	11 7/8
Ind	43	Dress Ind	29 1/2	John Joh	50	Pill Mer	50	Udall Inc	2
Ind	1 1/2	Dupont	226 1/4	Kale Alum	86 7/8	Pill Petro	35 7/8	Unif Ltd	UNSELD
Ind	3 1/4	East Airlines	1 1/4	Kenn Co	30 3/4	Polaroid	10 3/4	Unif Wn	44 3/4
Ind	19 1/8	Ex Kodak	107 3/4	Koppers	3 3/4	Proct GM	50 3/8	Un Carbid	40 7/8
Ind	23 5/8	Exxon	23 1/8	Libb O Ptd	22 1/4	Quib Ont	26	Univair	8
Ind	3 3/4	Ex Pace NG	21 1/4	Liggett My	29 1/8	Ralston P	4	Univ Brands	5
Ind	2 1/8	Ex Remark	3 3/4	Litton Ind	6 5/8	RCA	39	US Bant	3 3/8
Ind	10 1/8	Exxon	67 7/8	Loebhard	8	Revere Corp	8 3/8	US Best	62 1/4
Ind	17 1/8	Fair Cam	3 3/8	LTV Corp	9 3/8	Reyn Ind	29 3/4	Unit Tech	28 1/2
Ind	26 3/8	Firestone	22 1/4	May RH	26 3/4	Reyn Met	28	US Tobac	46 3/4
Ind	17 1/8	Fluor Co	15 1/4	Mercy Hn	28 1/8	Rockwell Int	23 1/8	War Lam	25 3/8
Ind	2 3/8	Full Fair	4 1/8	Marath	4 3/8	Rohm & Haas	1/2	Wells Far	14 1/4
Ind	3	Furd Mpt	44 1/2	Marcor	28 1/8	Royt D	40 3/4	Wm Un	16
Ind	25 3/8	Gen Dynam	38	Marth Ptd	22 3/8	Schering	45	Westing Ele	13 3/8
Ind	6 3/4	Gen Eliec	45 3/8	Martha Mir	16 3/8	Schering	51 5/8	Weyerhe	25 3/4
Ind	16 3/4	G Pds Corp	17 1/4	Mathew	18 7/8	Scott Pac	14 5/8	Wm Chem	20 1/4
Ind	44 1/8	Gen Mille	29 3/8	McDon D	21 1/4	Seagram Co	26 5/8	Woolworth	22 1/4
Ind	27	Gen Mot	57 7/8	McEen	71 1/4	Seare Roe	66 7/8	Xerox Co	25 7/8
Ind	20 1/8	Gen Tel Int	24 3/4	Merr Lynch	13 5/8	Shell Oil	46 3/4	Zenith Rad	26
Ind	21 1/4	Gen Tire	17 7/8						

The unemployment illusion

Also, the effects of a drop in building on local industrial employment may turn out to be less than presumed. First, widespread expectancy of price rises — and possible shortages — is causing a buyers' spree, in particular for consumer durables. Retailers must therefore increase their orders with the local

Western innocents in Egypt

FEW FOREIGNERS chose to visit, let alone live in Cairo until the *Infitah* (economic opening-up) after the 1973 October war suddenly brought prospects of big business deals, handsome profits, setting up shop in "the cheapest country in the

businessmen should read the modern history of the country and look into Western attitudes to and relations with Egypt during the past 100 years. This would — or should — they suggest, help the foreigners to understand and, perhaps even sympathise with, the Egyptians for much that is wrong here. (Ofta)

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The ordinary Egyptians who struggle along on meagre wages

LAW REPORT

LAW Post
REPORT
Edited by Doris Lankin

A man with no standing

almed, for the most part, against the choice of action adopted by the security authorities, while his own personal interests had not been directly affected. Furthermore, anyone who seeks to complain to the High Court on grounds that the civil, or military, authorities in charge of enforcing the law are not carrying out their duties properly, must first show that he had applied to the relevant authorities and that they had refused to take any action.

DECISION

proached the authorities concerned had asked them to enforce the appropriate law, and they had unlawfully refused to comply with his request.

In other words, concluded Justice Shamgar, even if a petitioner does have formal standing, the portals of the High Court would not be open to him unless he has first approached the authorities against whom he finds cause for complaint. For such preliminary action, amongst other things, enables the High Court, to get at least *prima facie*, by what reasons and considerations the competent authority had been moved to act as it did and whether there be room for exercising their powers of intervention.

As, therefore, the petitioner in the present case had no direct, personal interest in the matter and had, in addition, failed to take up his complaints with the respondents prior to petitioning the High Court, his petition was doomed to failure from the start, without entering into its merits.

— Decision given on December 4, 1975.

Libel suit against MK dropped

account for his charges, which were based not on the evidence of discharged hospital employees, but on those still working there.

ALLIANCE ASSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED

A. SUMMARISED CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF HEAD OFFICE ABROAD

SUMMARISED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31.12.1974

	1974	1973	
	Sterling (£1000)		
Investments	64173	62938	Capital, Funds and Surplus
Life Assurance & Annuity Account	—	—	General Insurance Fund
Fixed Assets	10544	10303	Outstanding Claims
Other Assets	80189	69488	Other Liabilities
	<u>£154906</u>	<u>£142729</u>	

DETAILS ON CONSOLIDATED INSURANCE BUSINESS & PROFITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31.12.1974

	1974	1973
	Sterling (£1000)	
General Insurance Premium	88512	80509
Profit (Loss) in General Insurance	(584)	2772
Income from Investments less Deduction of Expenses		
not Debited to Revenue Account	10141	7881
Business Profits (Before Reserves)	5109	6702

B. DETAILS OF ISRAELI BUSINESS

INSURANCE BUSINESS AND PROFITS FOR THE YEAR 1974

	1974	1973
	Israel Pounds (IL1000)	
General Insurance Premium & Reg. Fees	1705	1121
Profit (Loss) in General Insurance	(64)	184
Investment Income after Deduction of Expenses not Debited to Revenue Account	8	5
Business Profit	(56)	189

ISRAELI INVESTMENTS AS AT 31.12.1974

1. Liabilities in Israel	1053	545
2. Recognised Investment in Israel	<u>968</u>	<u>756</u>
3. (Deficit) Surplus of Investment in Israel	(85)	211

Notes: The full and detailed report with explanations and Auditor's report is available on request at the office of HADAR INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED, 8 Rehov Kaplan, Tel Aviv.
This advertisement is published pursuant to the Law of Insurance Business 1951.
AGENTS IN ISRAEL: HADAR INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED for Marine Business and NATIONAL INSURANCE OFFICE LIMITED, General Agents for Non-marine Business.

ISRAEL DISCOUNT BANK LTD.		1717 CENTURY NATIONAL AMERICAN ISRAEL BANK LTD.	
	UNIT PRICE	REDEMPTION PRICE	
LILION	193.09	188.35	
HEKEL	689.3	655.09	
ROSH	162.58	158.60	
OREST	155.79	151.97	
SHEL	156.48	152.64	

Driver, Give Soldiers Lifts!

Egged and the taxpayer

THE GOLOMB committee's second report on the bus cooperatives underlines a cardinal fault, which accounts for most of Egged's still-mounting losses. The enterprise has been abusing its position as a monopoly. It runs its affairs on a loose rein, in the hope that, as a concern with 6,300 members, it will always be fished out of trouble by the Government.

Its deficits are admittedly not due to increased salaries or other emoluments. The have been frozen (in real terms) for some years — the committee admits that. But Egged did little or nothing to reduce the members' benefits. They conduct themselves like a trade union, not a business company, and turn for aid to the authorities, as a works committee turns to its employer.

The expected loss this year is IL75m, which will raise Egged's accumulated deficit to IL350m. It owes IL47m to its own pension fund, plus IL55m in interest and linkage. It expects to be succeeded. Yet the latest balance-sheet available on October 31 was the one for 1972/73, supplying what the committee calls sarcastically "archaeological information."

Egged suffers from a crippling shortage of liquidity. How to overcome it? The busmen preferred to let a public committee, appointed by the Transport Minister, think up a solution.

The committee discovered that in 1967 the cooperative had handed over considerable assets to its members free of charge, including its own bus stations and other premises. It then proceeded to pay them a rental for the use of these facilities. Their value is now estimated at IL150m. They include also part-ownership of hotels, plots of land, a car-hire service, securities.

Recommended is that the members give it all back to the cooperative, in exchange for what amounts to bonus shares; that the cooperative sell these amenities for cold cash; and that the cash be used to pay off its most pressing debts.

Egged is now discussing with its members whether they will consent to make the sacrifice. More relevant is the question whether a buyer can be found for the assets, even if they are sacrificed. The committee proposes the Government as a buyer of the last resort. But the Government faces at this moment a situation of unprecedented financial stringency. Seeing that it cannot afford to build hospitals, there is considerable doubt whether it can afford to rescue high-salaried bus drivers from a dilemma created by their own improvidence.

With all that, it should be recognised that Egged's fares are cheap, and that its costs have soared for reasons not altogether under its control. A solution must be found, to prevent Israel's intra-urban bus service from seizing up.

But the first contribution to such a solution must come from the cooperative itself. The happy days when "Sapir will pay" are over. If there is any belt-tightening to be done, the members must give the example by doing it first. They cannot expect to pass on the entirety of their debts to the taxpayer.



After Tito—?

Israeli journalist TEDDY PREUSS recently visited Yugoslavia. Here is his report, the first of three.

THE SITUATION in Yugoslavia today is like that in Spain on the eve of Franco's death. President Tito's possible departure from the earthly scene is no longer taboo as a subject of conversation and nearly every Yugoslav citizen talks about it. The President is 83, and since there are few centenarians nowadays, it is obvious that Tito's days are practically numbered. Like any other elderly head of state, Tito does not like to talk about death, retirement or transfer of power, but as in all similar positions, the problem casts a heavy shadow of uncertainty over the country.

Nevertheless, a national council to ensure continuity of rule was established as long ago as 1971. But since then many things have occurred to change its complexion. Some of its members were ousted for one kind of deviation or another (generally "bourgeois" or "nationalistic"); others quit of their own free will because of differences of opinion with the President. This created an atmosphere of uncertainty. In addition, the personalities who had been designated to fill the vacuum of power that would follow Tito's death have left or been removed, so that the question of succession is still far from clear... If this kind of question can at all be clear. It is in the nature of things that the vacuum left by powerful people is relative in size to the strength of their personalities, and this is also true for Yugoslavia. But there may be additional complications in this problematical country.

TITO'S GREATEST accomplishment has been the relative domestic peace that he achieved between the various national groups that make up Yugoslavia. The second most important feat has been the way he has stood up to external pressures and thus guaranteed independence for Yugoslavia. By skillfully walking a tightrope between East and West Tito managed to obtain political and economic advantages for his country at considerable risk to himself. A third achievement has been the relative freedom prevailing in Yugoslavia, which is incomparably greater than in any other Communist country.

These three accomplishments were due to a great extent to Tito's character and abilities, and it is not at all certain that his successors — whoever they may be — will be able to preserve them.

Indeed, today, in the twilight of Tito's life, there are already some signs of regression in most of these fields, of a retreat the end of which is not visible. Three years ago, there were riots of a nationalistic character in Croatia, the second most important republic in Yugoslavia, which led to the ouster of a large part of the party leadership in Zagreb.

This suggests that ethnic nationalism has still not subsided, that its flame still smoulders beneath the political embers. The purge diminished to a considerable extent the relative freedom in Yugoslavia, thus damaging one of Tito's major accomplishments.

The situation took a turn for the worse when outside elements increased activities aimed at undermining the regime. The Yugoslavs, indeed, while emphasizing that such activities are not the monopoly of any one power still often mention the C.I.A. But there seems no room

for doubt that the address is Moscow and not Washington. Unofficially, the Yugoslavs argued — probably with some truth — that Croatian Fascists all over the world enjoy support from the Soviets. They raised a similar argument regarding the island of national peace in their country.

The Bulgarians have never given up their historical claims on Yugoslav Macedonia, and have always emphasized that from an ethnic point of view, Macedonia should belong to Bulgaria. The Yugoslavs do not believe — and surely they are right here, too — that without the blessings of the Soviet Union the most disciplined and willing of Moscow's satellites would not make such demands. Similar, if lesser fears exist in relation to the Hungarian minority in the republic of Vojvodina, the Albanian minority in Kosovo and the Italian and Austrian irredentists.

LATELY, there has been increased activity by neighbouring countries which has aroused serious anxiety in the country. (The Austrian army held manoeuvres near the Yugoslav border without first notifying Yugoslavia.) In this case, too, the Yugoslavs did not forget to mention the C.I.A. But it is impossible to escape the impression that the whole thing is being done as a show of "even-handedness." There is no real doubt that the suspicion is concentrated on Moscow and its protectorates. It is true that an American engineer (of Yugoslav origin) received a long prison sentence when convicted on charges of industrial espionage but the only other cases of imprisonment so far have been among supporters of Moscow. Many scores of suspects with ties to the Soviet Union have been suddenly imprisoned, and in Belgrade there are whispers that it is only the beginning.

The matter was raised in discussions (described as "tough") by the Yugoslavs held by Foreign Minister Minic and the Secretary-General of the Communist alliance, Stane Dolanc, during his last visit to Moscow. As a result of these discussions, "Pravda" published an article withdrawing somewhat from support of underground activities in Yugoslavia, but the retreat has not allayed anxieties in Belgrade. More than on Soviet promises, the Yugoslavs depend on their own determination to fight, if there be need, and on their security forces, which are very active.

However, the Soviets will be able to go on stirring the Yugoslav pot, which is what the Yugoslavs are afraid of. And many of them fear things even more serious.

By arrangement with "Davar"

VIEWPOINT

Tougher economic policies will lead to even more bankruptcies, so there is an urgent need for a new law to protect honest bankrupts, writes S.S. ASSAF.

THERE ARE NEARLY 10,000 names on the "Consolidated List of Bankrupts — 1975," compiled by the Official Receiver at the Ministry of Justice, but the list does not distinguish between the honest man whose business happened to fail, and the fraudulent crook who intentionally abused the economic system and bankruptcy proceedings.

The purposes of the Bankruptcy Law are to put a stop to commercial fraud while freeing business initiative in general, from threat of criminal penalties, in the event of unintentional failure. The law attempts to distribute the bankrupt's assets equitably among his creditors, and, in most cases, discharge him from further liability. Yet, less than 10 per cent of all bankruptcy proceedings in Israel are instituted by creditors. More than 90 per cent of the listed bankrupts have voluntarily instituted their own bankruptcy proceedings. Only a few thousand of them are businessmen whom the Bankruptcy Law was intended to help.

A cursory survey of the list shows that the majority are in fact neither honest merchants nor commercial crooks. Most of them are described as having callings ranging from clerks and industrial workers to mechanics, agricultural labourers, and housewives. They are on the bankruptcy list merely because they failed to pay their creditors for goods supplied.

Every year some 400 people are adjudged bankrupts, most of them because they were unable to complete payments for expensive durable goods purchased beyond their economic capacities. A glimpse into the history of their failure to pay reveals the convergence of various psycho-social factors which made them not only covet expensive furniture, refrigerators, washing machines, television and stereo sets or other durable household goods, but actually buy them. In most cases they are honest people who could not resist the pressures of their family or their social environment, and fell victim to a combination of advertising and the easy but expensive credit offered by the salesman.

Since they buy beyond their economic capacity to pay, they fail. The supplier brings suit. There is a court order. The original debt plus additional interest and the creditor's legal expenses, have to be paid. The court order does not improve the debtor's economic ability to pay — so they fail again and again. The result is a petition by the creditors to have them arrested for default. The debtor, who is unable to pay, is eligible for

Honest debtors need help

what Justice Haim Cohn of the Supreme Court called "a life sentence of 21 days each month, for no other crime but being poor." Haunted by these monthly arrest-orders, the debtor looks despairingly for help. Either directly or through the intervention of a local welfare agency or a local citizen's advice bureau, he seeks legal aid which immediately prescribes voluntary bankruptcy proceedings.

THE AVAILABILITY of bankruptcy proceedings for any debtor who owes more than IL80 and against whom a court order for default has been made, adds hundreds of new names to the bankruptcy list every year. Now, with the proposed 1976 budget and the new economic emergency plan, a considerable increase in the number of bankruptcies is likely.

The Israeli will have to tighten his belt in the coming year, pay more indirect taxes, spend more for basic commodities, pay more for the social services the members of his household needs, and reduce his living standards drastically. Many honest people will find it impossible to complete instalment payments on the expensive goods they purchased recently or last year. Once declared bankrupt, they are kept on the list until they are released by the courts.

There is no difference in law between the three different categories of bankrupts: (a) The honest businessman whose assets have to be administered and equitably distributed among his creditors; (b) The fraudulent crook who has to be punished and strictly controlled; and (c) The poor and honest man, a victim of both his poverty and the economic system.

It is for this reason that almost 10,000 people are listed for long periods as bankrupts, their economic activity curtailed and their legal status smeared. At the same time, this long list is a

burden to the authorities who have no legal powers to differentiate between the three categories.

Legislative initiative is necessary to allow this differentiation. It should be made possible to prescribe a limited period of bankruptcy status for the honest man, followed by automatic release, and a long period for the certified crook. The latter should not be released, without a probationary period, until he pays back all his debts.

In order to save the poor from the traps of expensive outlays, social services should implement the unfinished Hazani programme of supplying indispensable household furniture and equipment to the needy. More than 18,000 families were equipped by that programme over the last three years. If supplied furniture, refrigerators and washing machines to poor large families.

But there are still 8,000 families identified as eligible who were not helped. The aged poor and the poor unattached individual were not even made eligible. Yet the programme slowed down during 1975 and now has been doomed to die without reaching even its first goal, by the 1976 budget proposal.

In any case, legislative initiative should be considered which would make it impossible for salesmen to bring suit against poor debtors for debts incurred by a commercial transaction. If the Vendor did not take all reasonable precautions to establish the economic capacity of the buyer.

Another urgent amendment is necessary to treat the honest man as fairly as the law treats companies.

ALL HONEST DEBTORS who find themselves unable to pay their debts and in the brink of bankruptcy, should be allowed voluntarily to approach the Official Receiver at the Ministry of Justice or the court, provide a list of their known creditors, and call a meeting with them to negotiate a compromise. Without the costly expenses of litigation and without the embarrassing procedure of bankruptcy. Companies can already do so under Section 117 of the Companies Law.

So long as our law allows imprisonment for default of payment of debt, it will be unfair to the poor if they are not allowed to institute their own bankruptcy (if no compromise is reached with their creditors). But the law should be amended as suggested above. Then the "Consolidated List of Bankrupts" would contain no more than a few hundred names.

READERS' LETTERS

ODIOUS COMPARISON

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post. Sir. — With reference to the letter of David R. Oren from Richmond, Va. (December 17), I would like to tell this gentleman that disgust is the only word I can find to describe his comparison of Israel's December 1 bombing raid of the terrorist bases in Lebanon with the murderous attacks of Arab terrorists against civilian targets in Israel.

Mr. Oren describes our raid as if its only purpose was to kill exclusively innocent Arab women and children. He chooses to ignore the raid's one and only objective — to act against those who plan to kill our women and children. Against those cold-blooded murderers who hide behind their own women's skirts, causing themselves their civilian casualties, bearing themselves the guilt and responsibility for their deaths.

What does Mr. Oren propose that we do? Probably, that we keep on burying the victims of Arab massacres and bear our fate honourably and humbly. He doesn't want us to strike back or to prevent tragedies in store for us. Unfortunately for Mr. Oren, the world has never wept over Jewish blood, but feels very strongly about Arab casualties — and so, as a result of every Israeli act of self-defence, a new fresh wave of anti-Semitism arises. An unpleasant experience for Mr. Oren, who safely stuck in Richmond, far away from the threats and nightmares of terrorist attacks, started to feel ashamed of being a Jew due to our anti-terrorist preemptive strikes. No wonder they bother him so much.

DANIELA FEISCH
Ramat Gan, December 18.

BRAVO KISHON

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post. Sir. — Bravo for printing Ephraim Kishon's article "O, for a strong regime" (December 18). I think it represents the yearning and longing of many citizens in this country. For a few months now, whenever I have the occasion to meet people and discuss the situation of our country, similar views are aired by nearly all of them, and this despite the fact that they may hold completely different political opinions ranging from the extreme right to the extreme left.

We all know that when Kishon writes like this, he is the best. But his article (and many similar ones) proves that the serious Kishon is one of the best newspapermen we have in Israel.

LEI HAN
Tel Aviv, December 18.

Dry Bones



ISRAEL PRESS

'Golan not Ford's business'

MA'ARIV (independent), commenting on the latest message from President Ford to Prime Minister Rabin on the establishment of additional settlements on the Golan Heights, says that if the message in fact contained a demand that Israel refrain from creating settlements anywhere beyond the "green line," then it is easy to understand why it was rejected by the Prime Minister. "Such a demand is not in keeping with the accepted practices in relations between sovereign states," says the paper.

YEDIOT AHRONOT (independent) writes: Dr. Kissinger, who has urged Israel not to establish additional settlements on the Golan Heights, and whose message was rejected (rightly) by Prime Minister Rabin, would not dare issue instructions publicly to the Arabs — in order to

show the world who is 'boss.' The Rabin-Kissinger honeymoon is over," the paper says.

AL HAMISHMAR (Mapam) says that during his Middle East tour Alfred Atherton apparently attempted to bridge the wide gap between the sides as January 12 approaches, but "in Syria he encountered obduracy, leaving no room for illusions. Damascus is intent on transferring further debate from Geneva to the Security Council, and insists on the participation of the PLO."

"The U.S. will not relax its efforts to find a reasonable compromise, this too explains the forthcoming visit of Foreign Minister Ailon to Washington. In the past few weeks, Israel has stepped up its efforts to break through its isolation, which has intensified over the past few years."



The Arab-Israel Bank Ltd., a subsidiary of Bank Leumi Le-Israel Ltd., celebrated the opening of a new branch at Kafar Yarka, in Galilee, on Tuesday, December 23. On the same day, two other branches opened in the village of Gush Halav and Abin. The openings brought the total number of branches of the Arab-Israel Bank Ltd. to 23. (A.d.o.)

TIME

December 29, 1975

- * Moscow's own Viet Nam?
- * Jack Kennedy's other women

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This and more in tomorrow's

THE JERUSALEM POST MAGAZINE